



Quick Start/Same Day Start Method

DEFINITION	The immediate initiation of combined contraceptives (pills, patches, ring) or progestin-only (pills, injectables, or implants) or either type of IUD before the start of the next menses for clients in which pregnancy is unlikely. Quick Start is an off-label practice supported by good clinical research, avoiding the time gap between the time the client is prescribed her method and the time she is intended to start her method. The CDC U.S Selected Practice Recommendations for Contraceptive Use, 2016, endorses the Quick Start method.
SUBJECTIVE	Should include: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. LMP2. Medical, sexual, and contraceptive use history: initial or update, as appropriate.3. Thorough history of sexual intercourse since LMP to determine need for pregnancy testing. Must exclude: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Any method specific Category 4 conditions from the CDC MEC table. Summary Chart of U.S. Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use. (cdc.gov)
OBJECTIVE	May include: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Blood pressure, height, weight and BMI2. Emergency contraception, as indicated3. Age appropriate examination, as indicated
LABORATORY	May include: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Negative pregnancy test, if indicated.
ASSESSMENT	Quick start candidate
PLAN	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Review method specific information sheet/consent form, provide a copy to the patient.2. Quick Start including: OCP, POP, contraceptive ring, contraceptive patch, DMPA, contraceptive implant or IUD if:<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. The client is within 5 days of the beginning of her last menses, start new method immediately. No backup method is needed.b. Later in the menstrual cycle, initiation depends on whether she has had any unprotected coitus.<ol style="list-style-type: none">i. If no coitus since LMP or protected coitus in the last 5 days, she should initiate the new method today. Advise her to use abstinence or backup method for the next 7 days.ii. IF unprotected coitus in the last 5 days, offer emergency contraceptive, take EC immediately and start new method today. Advise her to use abstinence or backup method for the next 7 days.c. See: How to Be Reasonably Certain That a Woman is Not Pregnant; When to Start Using Specific Contraceptive Methods; and Routine Follow-Up After Contraceptive Initiation. (cdc.gov)
CLIENT EDUCATION	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Reinforce contraception education, as appropriate.2. Reinforce safe sex education, if appropriate.3. Consider urine pregnancy test in 2-3 weeks, as indicated (if used EC, for signs & symptoms of pregnancy, or if scheduled bleeding is delayed or abnormal).4. Recommend client RTC, as appropriate either annually or prn for problems.
CONSULT/ REFER TO PHYSICIAN	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Any client with Category 3 or 4 prescribing precautions for combined or progestin-only contraceptives. See U.S. Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use, 2016.



References:

1. Hatcher RA, Nelson A, Trussell J, Cwiak C, Cason P, Policar MS, Edelman A, Aiken ARA, Mrazek J, Kowal D, eds. Contraceptive Technology. 21 edition. New York, NY: Ayer Company Publishers, Inc., 2018. pp 89-90, 212-213, 294.
2. US Medical Eligibility Criteria (US MEC) for Contraceptive Use, 2016 | CDCrr6304.pdf (cdc.gov)
3. CDC - Summary - US SPR - Reproductive Health
4. Update: Providing Quality Family Planning Services — Recommendations from CDC and the U.S. Office of Population Affairs, 2017 | MMWR.
Quick Start Algorithm | Reproductive Health National Training Center (rhntc.org)
<https://www.reproductiveaccess.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/12/QuickstartAlgorithm.pdf>
5. How to Switch Birth Control Methods. Reproductive Health Access Project. June 2021.
https://www.reproductiveaccess.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/12/switching_bc.pdf